CBRFC Forecast Areas

Colorado Basin Water Supply Briefing

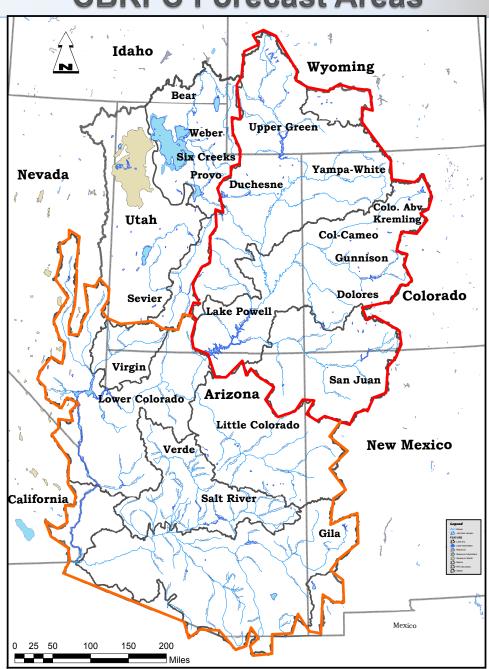
May 7th 2019

Greg Smith - Sr. Hydrologist Colorado Basin River Forecast Center

Phone: 1-877-929-0660

Passcode: 1706374

Please mute your phone until the question period
Thank You!



Today's Presentation

April precipitation

A mixed bag with a strong finish in some areas.

Snowpack ended up well above average

Update on current snowpack conditions – Banner year most areas!

April observed streamflow

Low elevation snow had an impact in some areas.

2019 Water Supply Forecasts

Select forecast site review

Flows in similar snowpack years (analog years)

Upcoming Weather

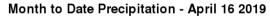
Impacts of upcoming weather on the timing of seasonal peak flows

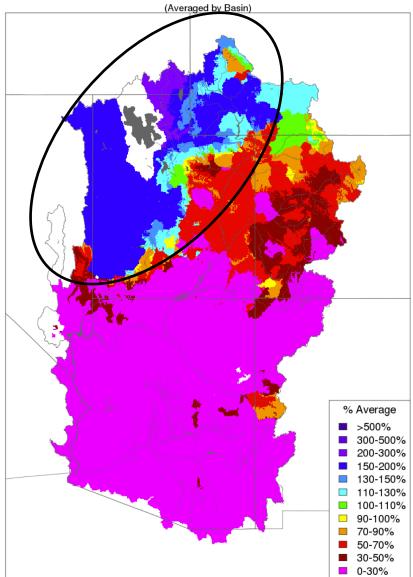
Contacts & Questions

Phone: 1-877-929-0660 Passcode: 1706374

* Please mute your phone until the question period *

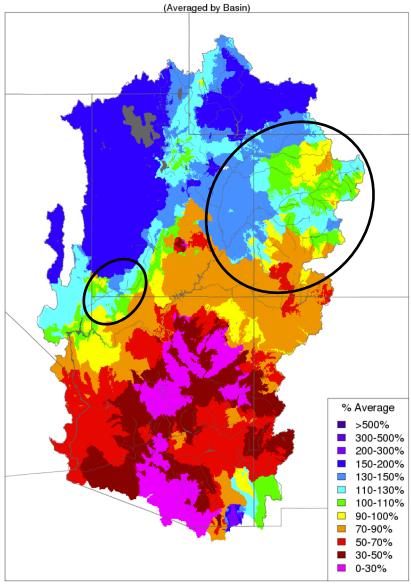
April Precipitation



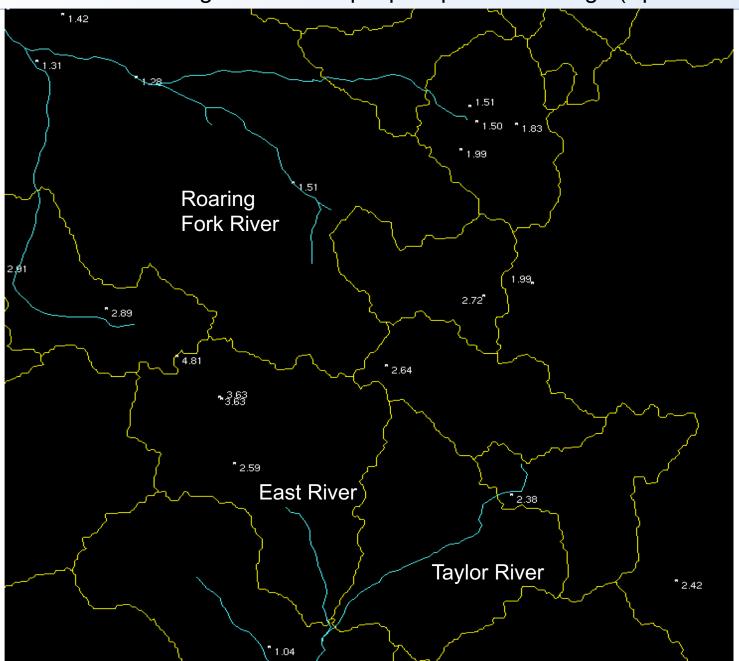


Prepared by NOAA, Colorado Basin River Forecast Center Salt Lake City, Utah, www.cbrfc.noaa.gov

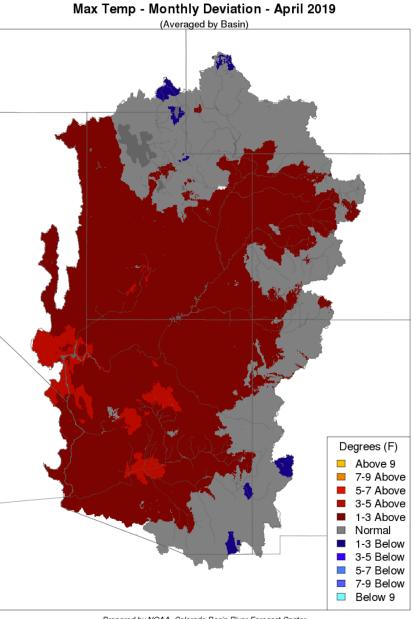
Monthly Precipitation - April 2019

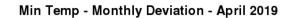


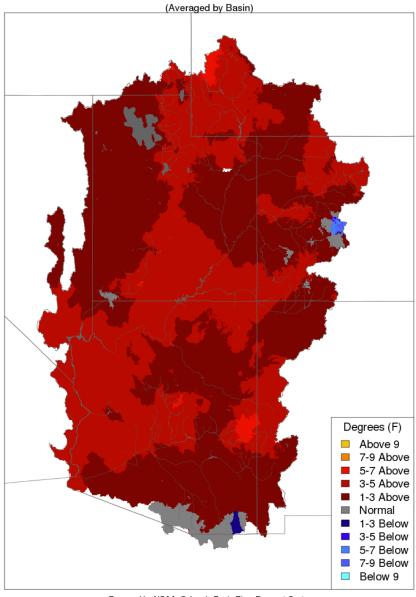
Prepared by NOAA, Colorado Basin River Forecast Center Salt Lake City, Utah, www.cbrfc.noaa.gov Colorado Headwaters / Gunnison Basin – Precipitation event the end of April Amounts were near or greater than April precipitation average (Apr 27-May 1)



April Temperature – Mean monthly max and min deviation from normal

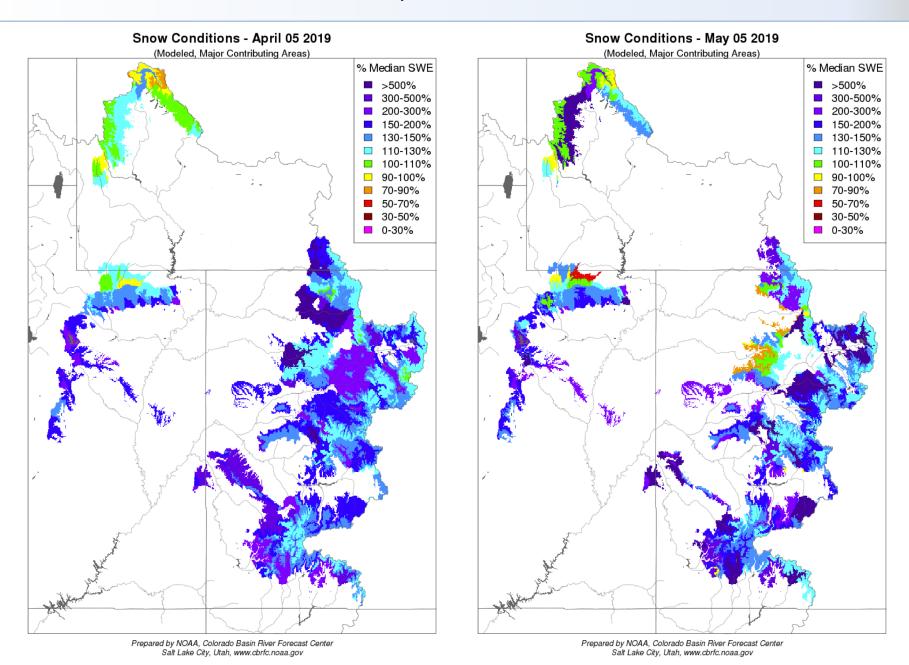




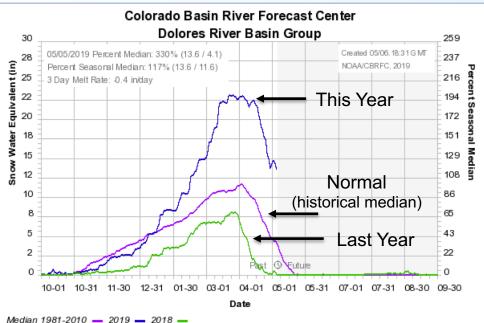


Prepared by NOAA, Colorado Basin River Forecast Center Salt Lake City, Utah, www.cbrfc.noaa.gov Prepared by NOAA, Colorado Basin River Forecast Center Salt Lake City, Utah, www.cbrfc.noaa.gov

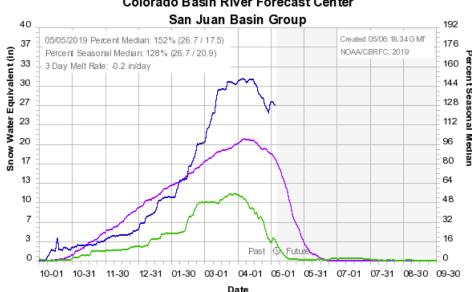
Snowpack Conditions

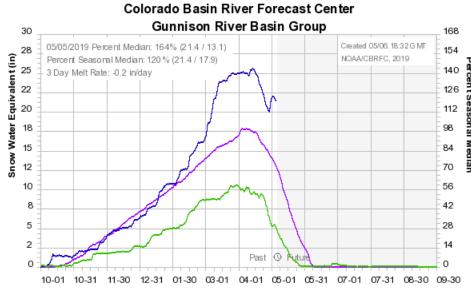


River Basin SNOTEL group plots



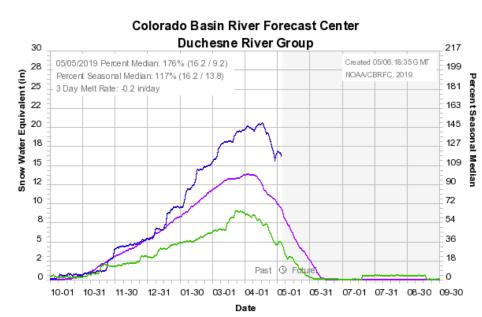






Date

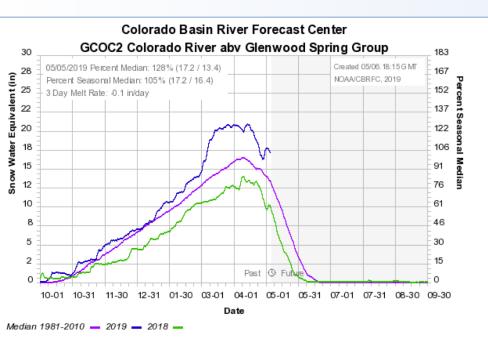
Median 1981-2010 - 2019 - 2018 -

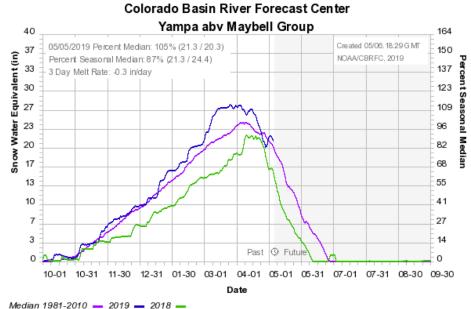


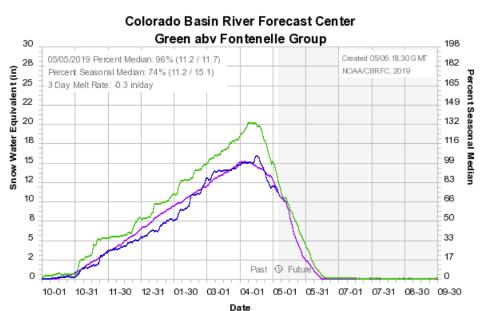
Median 1981-2010 - 2019 - 2018 -

Median 1981-2010 - 2019 - 2018 -

River Basin SNOTEL group plots

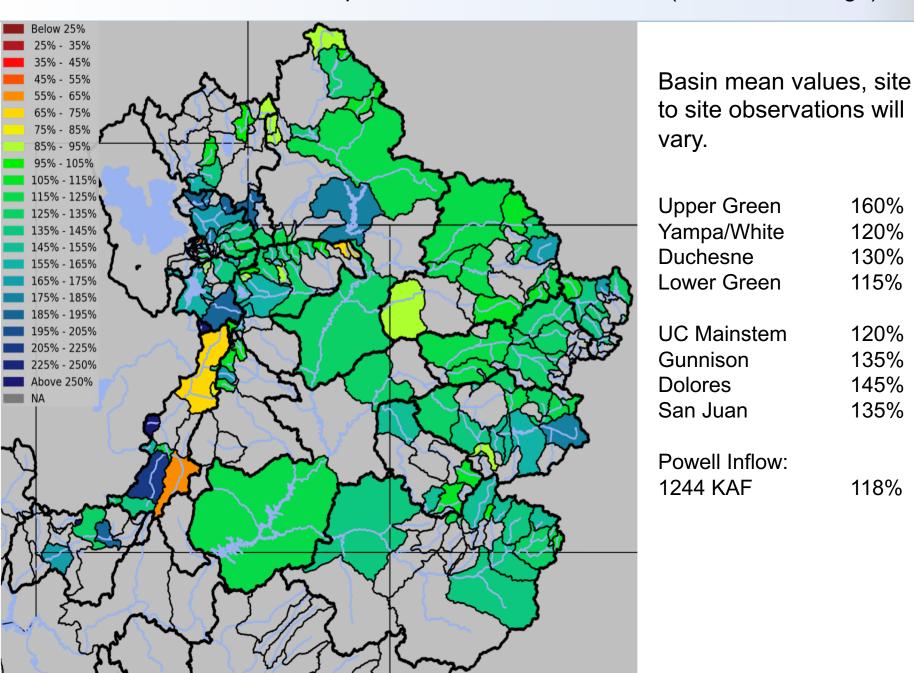






Median 1981-2010 - 2019 - 2018 -

Colorado River Basin April 2019 Streamflow Volumes (as a % of average)



Soil Moisture Impacts

Anticipated soil moisture impacts are accounted for in the April-July forecasts. These impacts could be greater or less depending on how rapidly the snow melts.

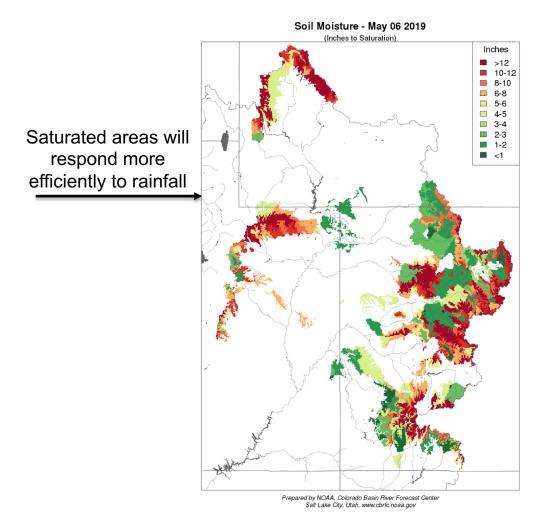
Upper Colorado Basin: Dry soil conditions are still expected to have some impact on the runoff volumes. However in areas of significant snowpack and where melt is delayed these impacts will likely be less.

Soil Moisture - Fall - 2018 (November 15) (Modeled, Averaged by Basin) % Average >500% 300-500% 110-130% 100-110% 90-100% 50-70% 30-50%

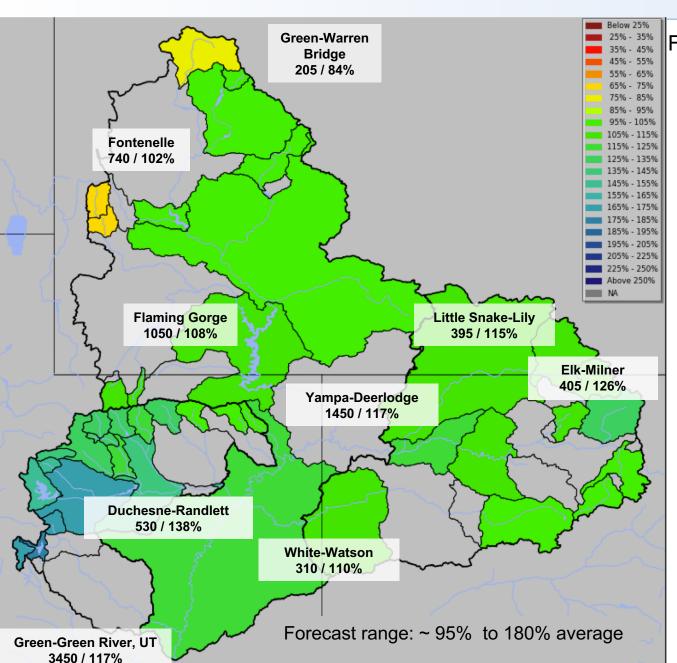
Prepared by NOAA, Colorado Basin River Forecast Center

Salt Lake City, Utah, www.cbrfc.noaa.gov

Soil Moisture – Inches to saturation: Lower and some middle elevation areas where we have had melt, rainfall, and runoff indicate soil moisture deficits reduced. Soil moisture impacts may still show up as high elevation snow melts, depending on the snow melt scenario.



Upper Colorado: Green-Yampa-White-Duchesne



Forecasts as of May 1 2019

Volume 1000's acre feet / % of 1981-2010 average

Largest increases on the Elk River, parts of upper Green, western Duchesne

Minimal or no forecast changes elsewhere

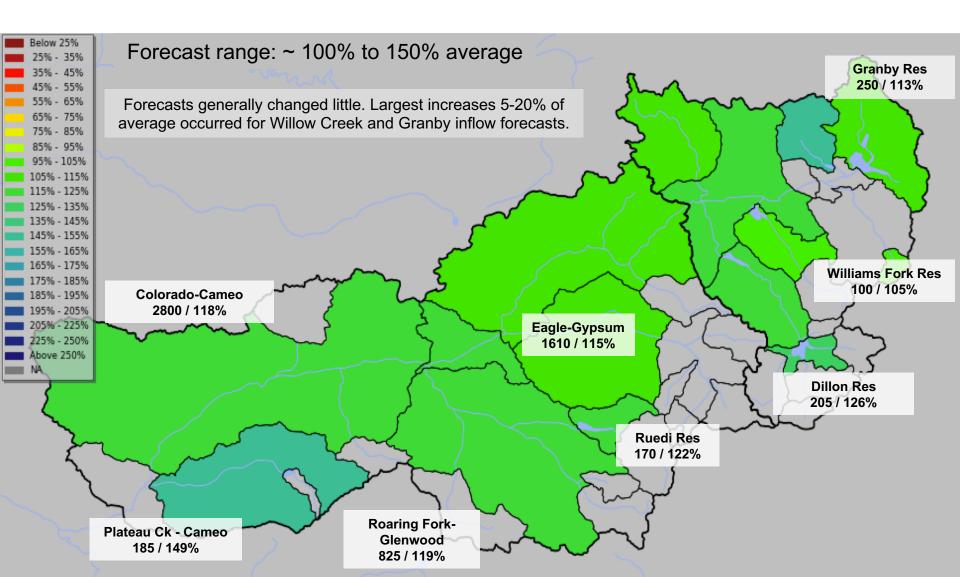
Important Note

Forecasts are comprised of April observed volumes and May-July forecast volumes.

Quality of observed data will impact the April-July forecasts.

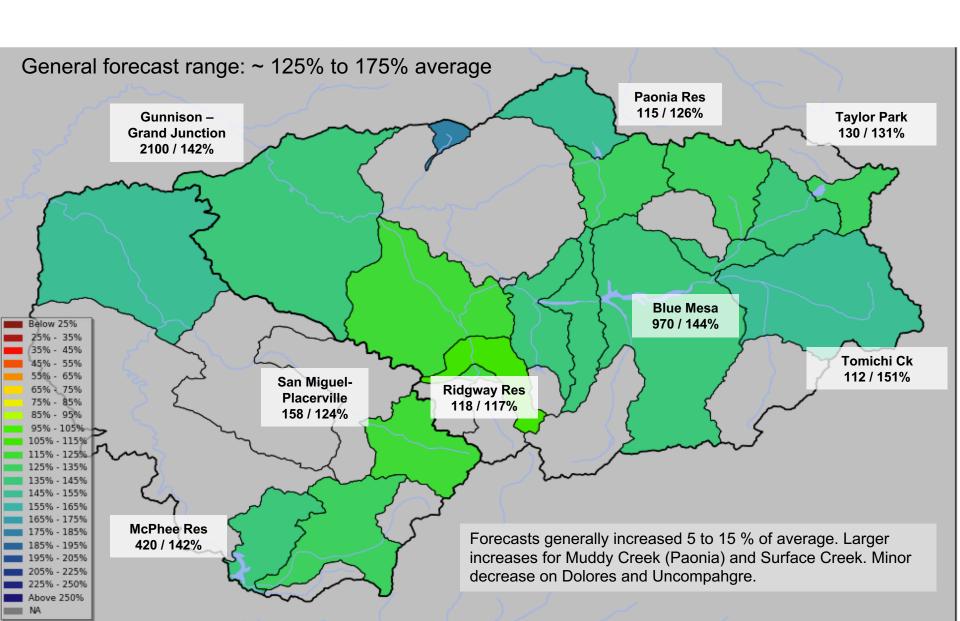
Upper Colorado: Colorado River Mainstem

Forecasts as of May 1 2019 Volume in 1000's acre-feet / % of 1981-2010 average



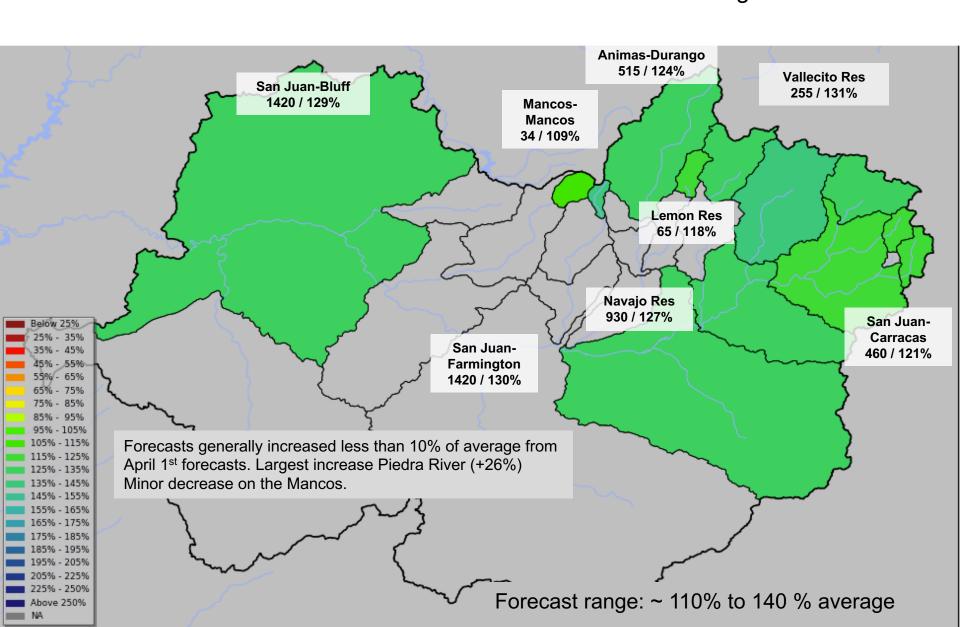
Upper Colorado: Gunnison and Dolores Basins

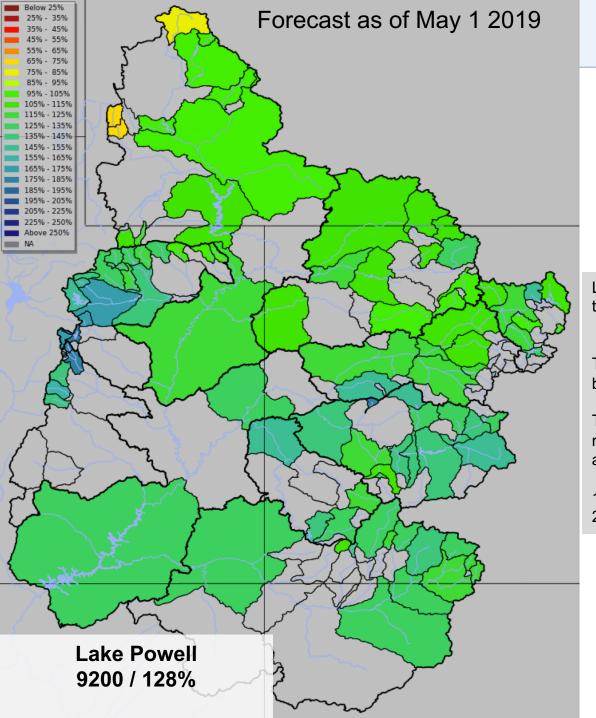
Forecasts as of May 1 2019 Volume in 1000's acre-feet / % of 1981-2010 average



Upper Colorado: San Juan Basin

Forecasts as of May 1 2019
Volume in 1000's acre-feet / % of 1981-2010 average





Upper Colorado April-July Streamflow Volume Forecasts (% of 1981-2010 average)

Lake Powell: 9200 KAF / 128 % average

Lake Powell summarizes the hydrologic conditions throughout the upper Colorado River Basin.

The Lake Powell inflow forecast did not change between April 1st and May 1st.

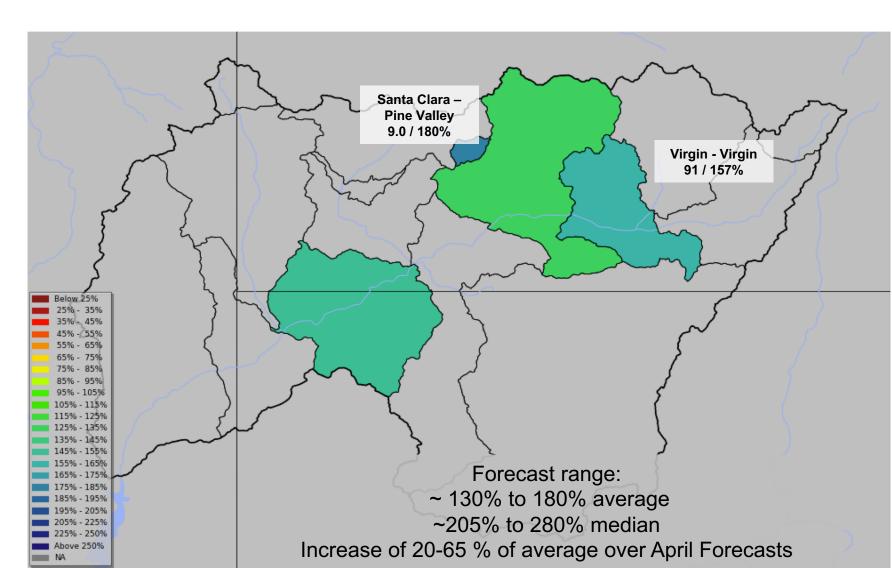
The 9.2 million acre-feet would be the 3rd highest runoff volume in the past 23 years (dating back to and including 1997).

1997 11.6 million acre feet 2011 12.5 million care feet

Lower Colorado (Virgin River) April-July Streamflow Volume Forecasts

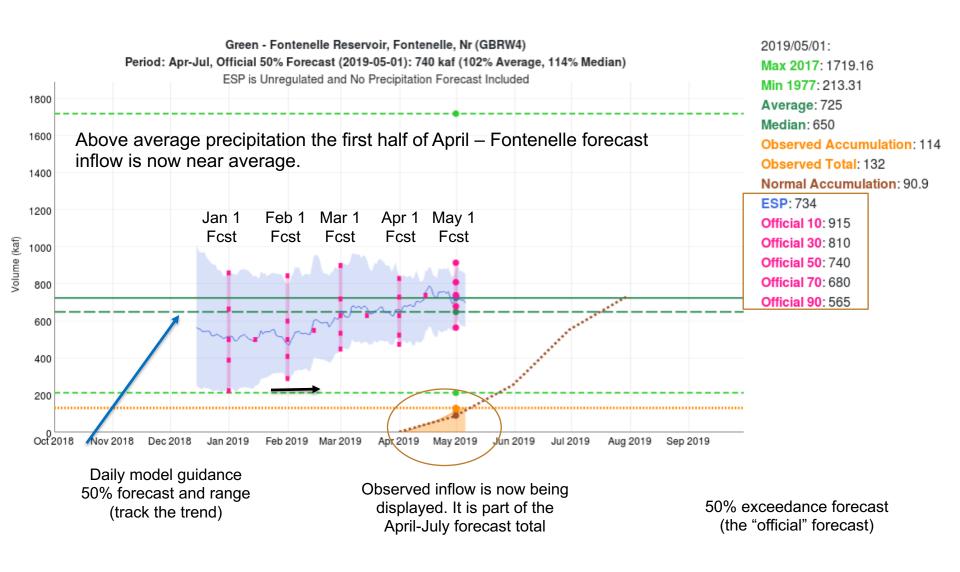
Forecasts as of May 1 2019

Virgin River headwater observed February volume ~140% of average, March ~250% of average, April ~190% of average.



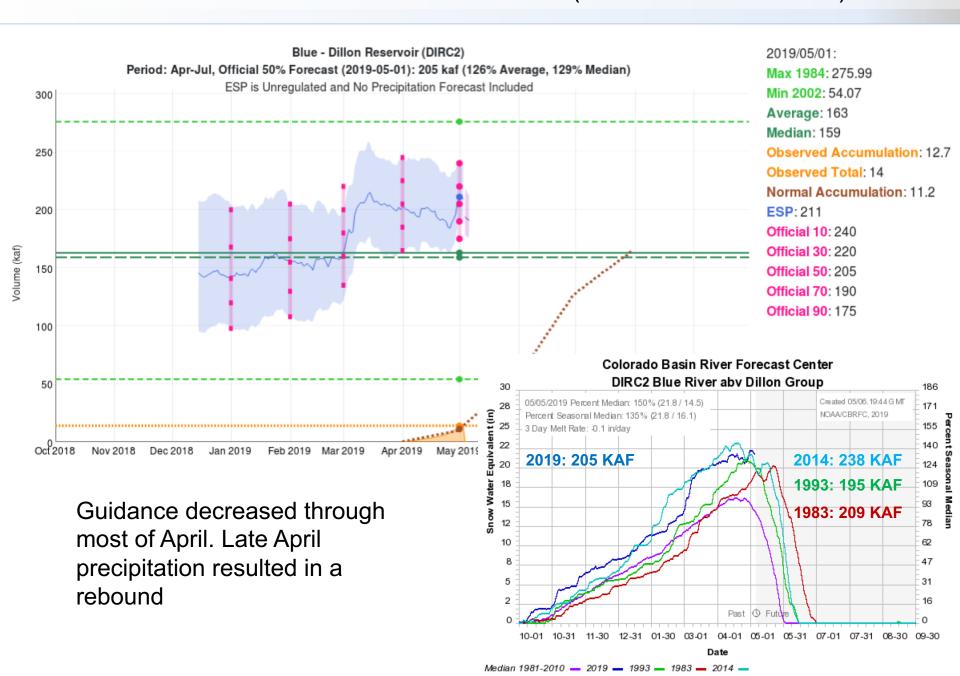
Forecast Evolution Plot: Fontenelle Reservoir (Upper Green Basin - Wyoming)

ESP – Ensemble Streamflow Prediction

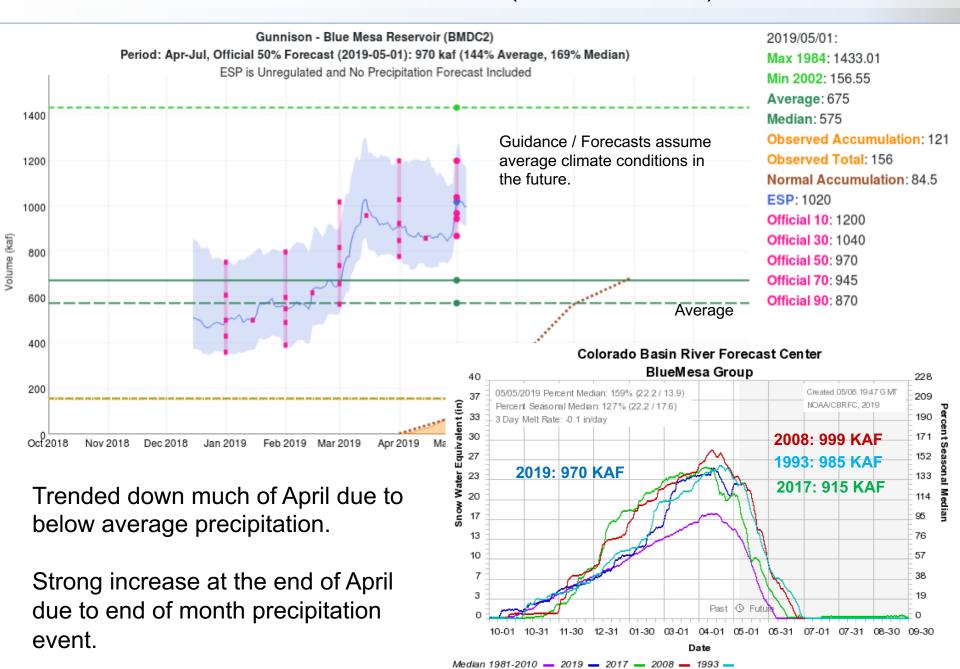


www.cbrfc.noaa.gov select "Water Supply" from dropdown menu

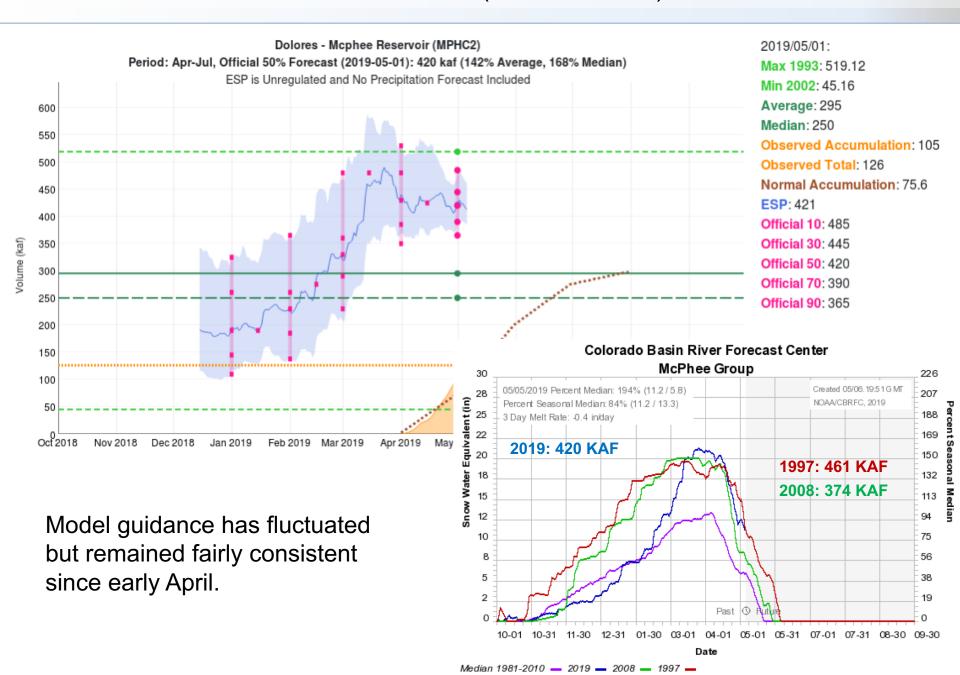
Forecast Evolution Plot: Dillon Reservoir Inflow (Colorado Headwaters)



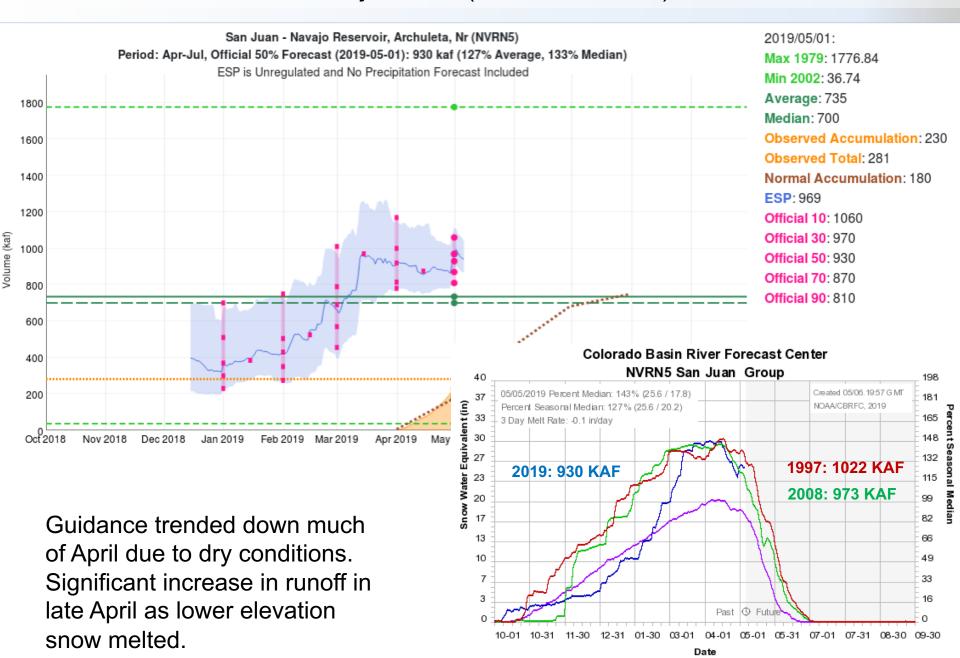
Forecast Evolution Plot: Blue Mesa Inflow (Gunnison Basin)



Forecast Evolution Plot: McPhee Inflow (Dolores Basin)

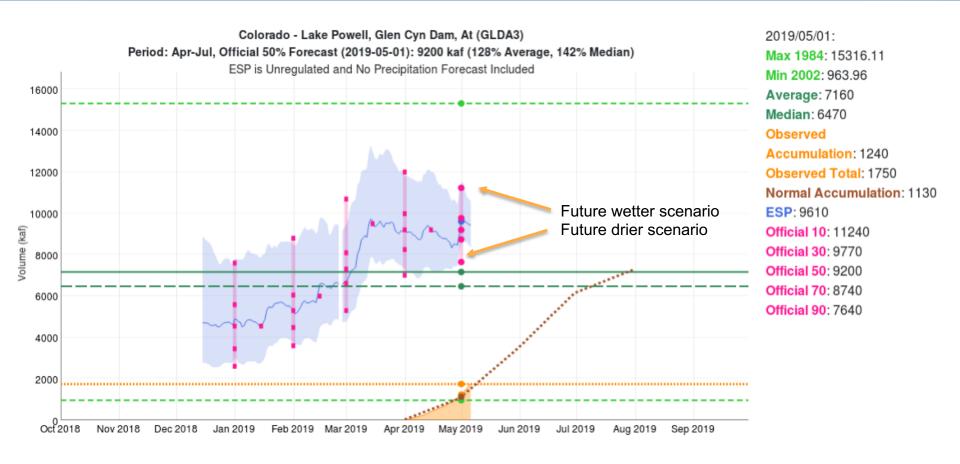


Forecast Evolution Plot: Navajo Inflow (San Juan Basin)



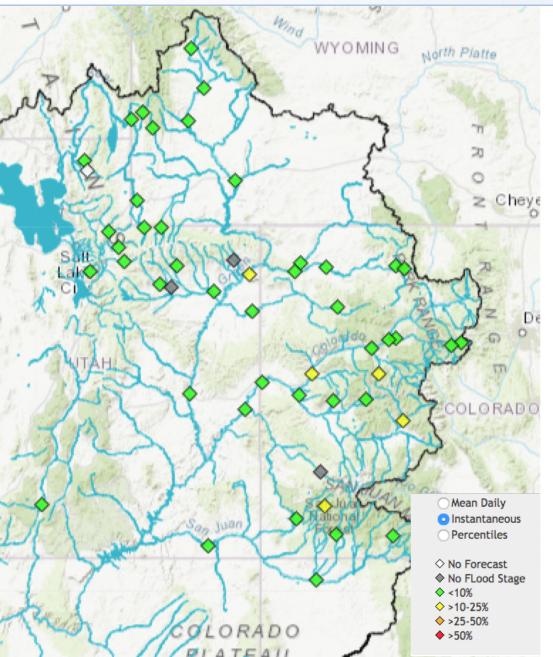
Median 1981-2010 - 2019 - 2008 - 1997 -

Forecast Evolution Plot: Lake Powell Inflow (Upper Colorado Basin)



Guidance trended down the 2nd half of April but rebounded due a combination of late April precipitation and increase in observed runoff in upstream basins

- Currently no forecast points reach flood stage at the 50% exceedance forecast for mean daily or instantaneous peaks
- Several sites fall into the 10-25% chance of reaching an instantaneous peak flood flow.
- Rainfall and much above average temperatures will of course impact peaks focus on the daily model as near the peak period.



How high might streams be running compared to historical record?

Upper Colorado Headwaters: Tenmile Creek – Top 25% Crystal River – Top 25%

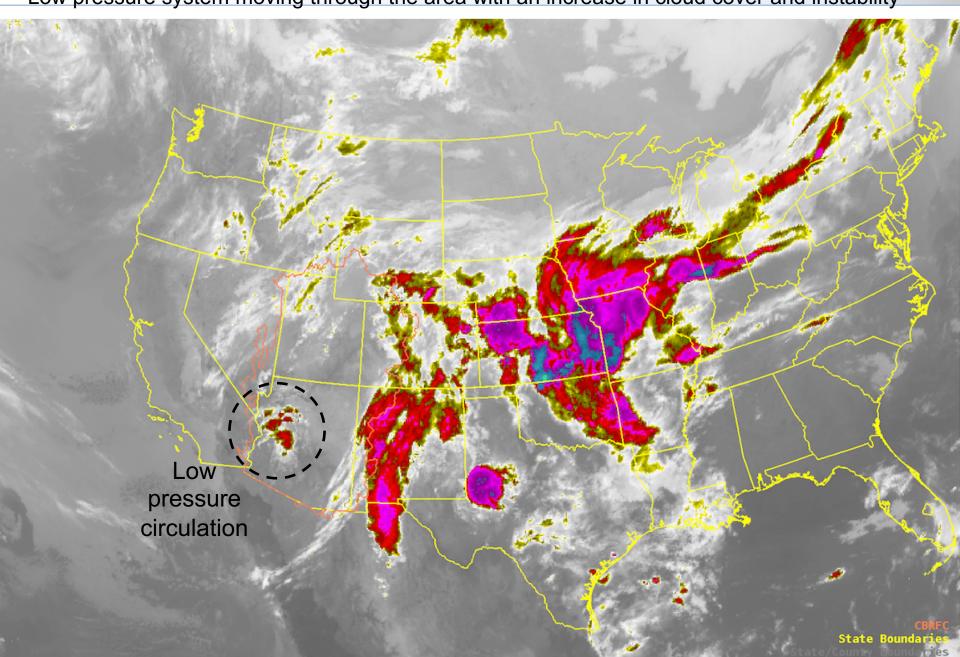
Gunnison Headwaters: East River – Top 35% Surface Creek – Top 17%

Dolores Headwaters: Above Rico - Top 30% San Miguel – Top 25%

San Juan Headwaters: *Upper San Juan- Top 30% Animas – Top 30%*

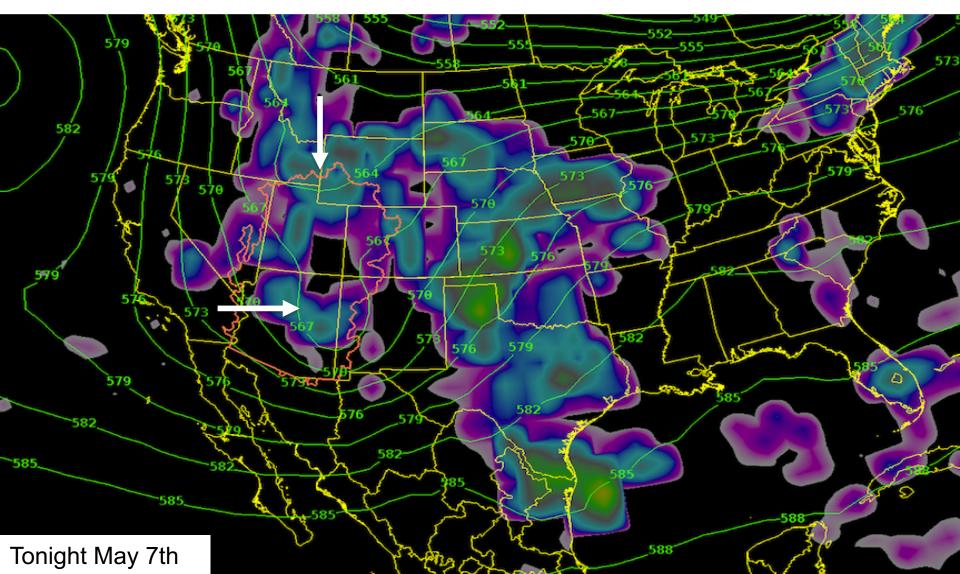
This morning – Satellite image from this morning

Low pressure system moving through the area with an increase in cloud cover and instability



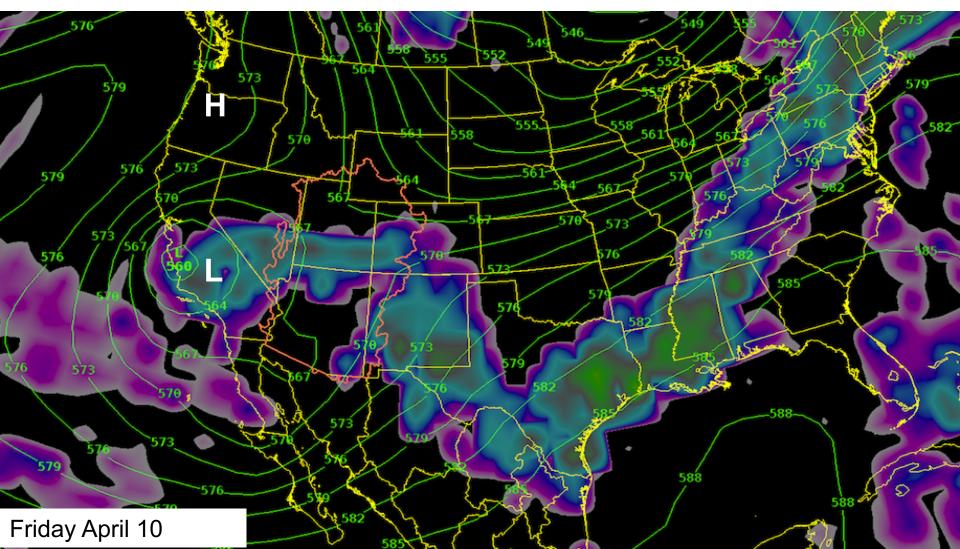
Upcoming Weather – Period of increasingly unsettled weather.

Low pressure moves east through the day as systems drops in from the north. Increasing instability resulting in showers / thundershowers. Temperatures a few degrees below normal, snow levels down to 8000-9000 feet. Subtle differences in features greatly influence precipitation impacts.

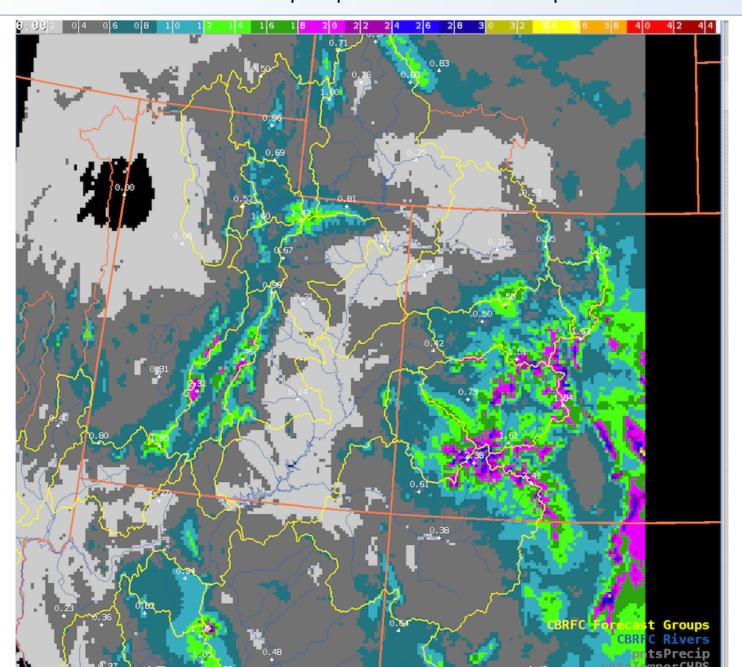


Upcoming Weather – Blocking pattern

Low pressure system retrogrades along / off the west coast with adjacent high pressure to the north (known as a rex block pattern). Low pressure tends to have little east-west movement. The prevailing flow feeds moisture into the forecast area with occasional showers and temperatures running just below seasonal normal.

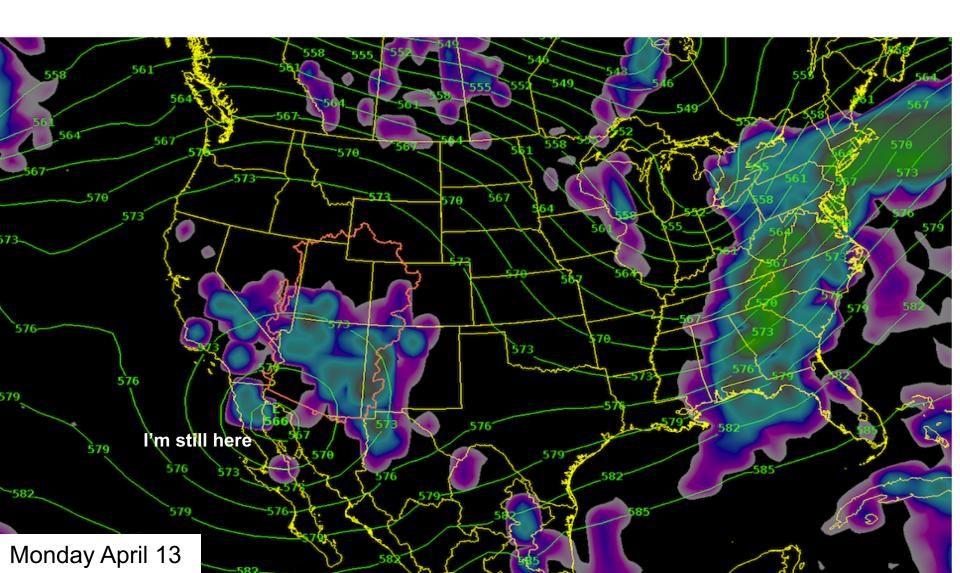


Precipitation forecast over the next 5 days (most in the next 72 hours). Larger amounts central Utah / Colorado and south with 1-3 inch precipitation amounts widespread.



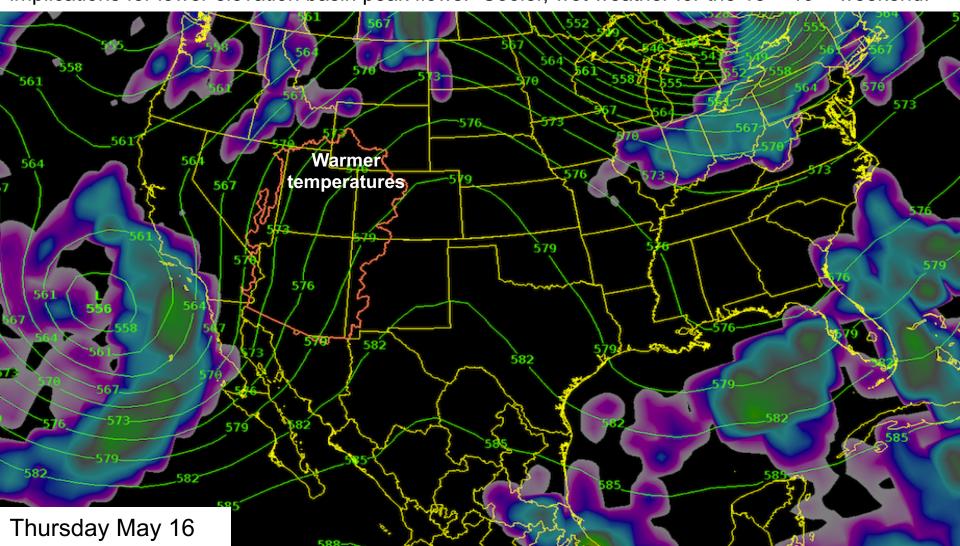
Upcoming Weather – Low pressure southwest dominates start of next week

Models still have the low pressure dominating the pattern over the forecast area but hint at ejecting it eastward as the week progresses. Warmer and dryer weather may follow. This would have implications for peak flow projections particularly for lower elevation basins.

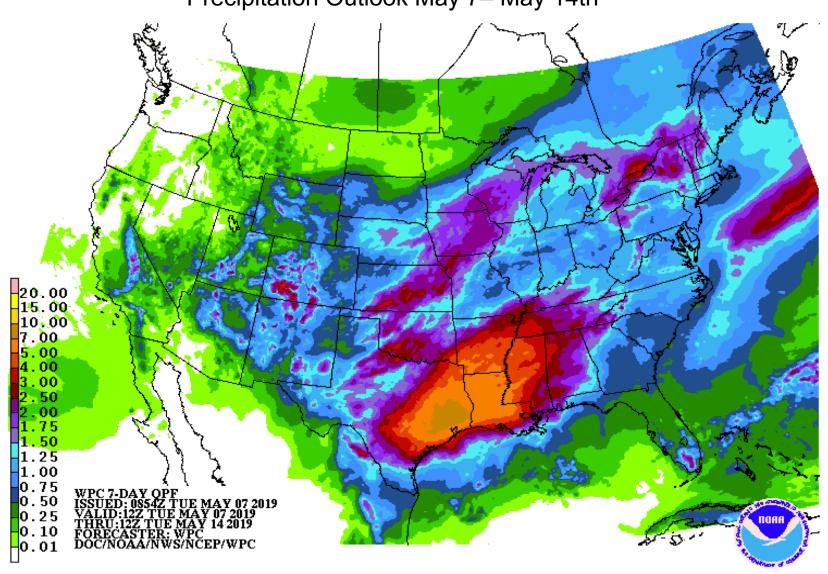


Upcoming Weather – Warmer temperatures next week (but for how long?) (low confidence at this time)

High pressure and above normal temperatures develop next week ahead of another storm system. The question is how long the period of above average temperatures persist before moisture (increasing cloud cover & showers) associated with the next storm arrives. This will have implications for lower elevation basin peak flows. Cooler, wet weather for the 18th -19th weekend.



Weather Prediction Center Precipitation Outlook May 7– May 14th

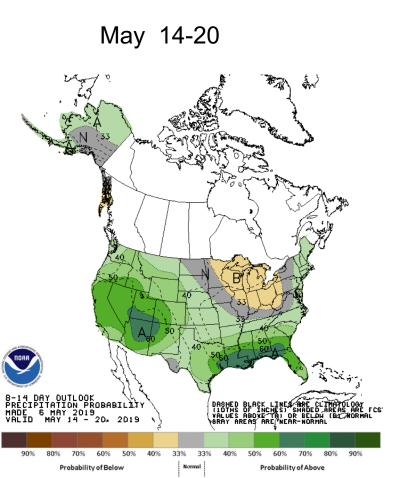


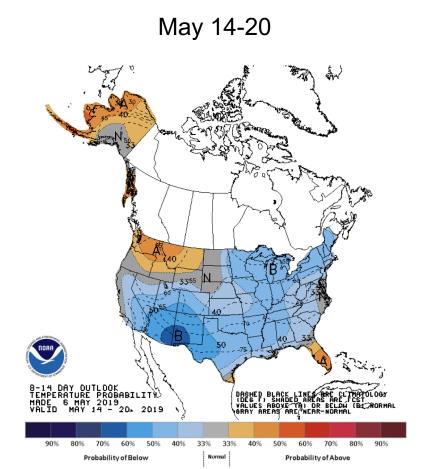
Longer Range Weather: The 8-14 day outlook and peak flow implications Pattern remains progressive / active approaching Memorial Day weekend

Pattern is trending wetter with periods of below and above average temperatures.

Higher elevation snow melt should drop off significantly over the next several days. Melt should resume next week but could be hampered later in the week by increasing cloud cover.

This weather pattern is not necessarily conducive to a well defined peak flow. It's the most difficult for forecasting the timing of a peak (ideally we would see a period of extended above average temperatures).





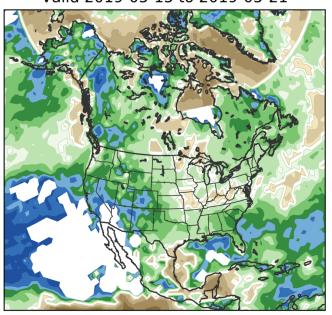
Longer Range Weather: The 8-14 day outlook and peak flow implications Pattern remains progressive / active approaching Memorial Day weekend

Warming next week could initiate seasonal peaks on lower elevation basins. Higher elevation basins still appear to fall into the late May- early June timeframe. Northern Basins (Green-Wyoming) more likely in June.

There is higher confidence for a longer period of higher (above average) flows even though a well defined peak may not be realized. Depending on temperatures and elevation of the basin this likely period is from mid May possibly well into June.

May 15-21

NAEFS Raw Precip Probabilities 8-14Day Forecast Issued 2019-05-07 Valid 2019-05-15 to 2019-05-21

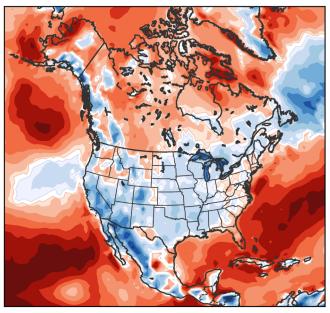


Probability of Below Normal Normal Probability of Above Normal
90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 33% 33% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90%

North American Ensemble Forecast System

May 15-21

NAEFS Bias-Corrected Tmean Probabilities 8-14Day Forecast Issued 2019-05-07 Valid 2019-05-15 to 2019-05-21



Probability of Below Normal Normal Probability of Above Normal 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 33% 33% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90%

2019 water supply briefing schedule

Great Basin/Utah webinar today 1:30 pm MDT

Additional webinar will be scheduled in early June if needed

All registration information has been posted to the CBRFC web page

Todays Presentation:

www.cbrfc.noaa.gov/present/present2019.cgi

CBRFC Water Supply Contacts

Please contact us with any questions

Michelle Stokes – Hydrologist In Charge <u>michelle.stokes@noaa.gov</u>

Paul Miller— Service Coordination Hydrologist paul.miller@noaa.gov

Basin Focal Points (Forecasters)

Greg Smith – San Juan, Gunnison, Dolores Focal Point greg.smith@noaa.gov

Ashley Nielson – Green River Basin, Lake Powell Focal Point ashley.nielson@noaa.gov

Cody Moser – Upper Colorado Mainstem Focal Point cody.moser@noaa.gov

Tracy Cox and Zach Finch – Lower Colorado Basin, Virgin Focal Point tracy.cox@noaa.gov zach.finch@noaa.gov

Brent Bernard – Six Creeks, Provo, Sevier Focal Point brent.bernard@noaa.gov

Patrick Kormos – Bear, Weber Focal Point patrick.kormos@noaa.gov